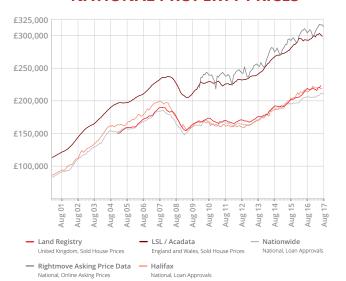
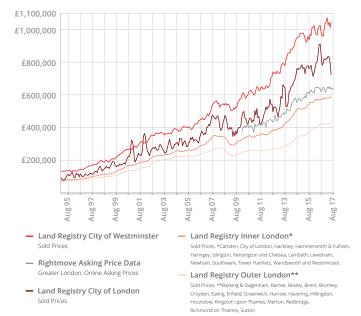


## **NATIONAL PROPERTY PRICES**



## **LONDON PROPERTY PRICES**



## **KEY FIGURES**



#### 64,684

June 2017

## Bank of England Mortgage **Approval Rate**

Down from 65,109 in May 2017



0%

#### **RICS Price Rise Expectations Survey**

A weaker level of new listings coming onto the market, reportedly at record lows.



## 0.25%

May 2017

#### Bank of England **Base Rate**

Further decrease in bank

base rate in August 2016



## 39%

#### **RICS Sales-to-Stock** Ratio

The sales-to-stock ratio remains largely unchanged

#### 0.3123

31st August 2017

#### **Monthly Average** 3 Month Mean Interbank **Lending Rate**

Marginal drop relative to the end of July



## 0.1%

#### **Rightmove Asking Price Growth**

An asking price rise in July 2017 (compared to a 0.4% drop in the previous month)



## 1.42% July 2017

**Bank of England** Average Rate on 2 Year Fix (75% LTV)

A 0.6% drop between June and July

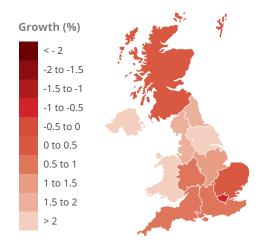


## 96,910

#### **HMRC Property Transactions**

UK property transactions were 3.3% lower in June compared to May

## **MONTHLY PRICE CHANGES**



## Headline data from the official House Price Index (June 2017):

Average UK property price: £223,257 Annual UK price change: 4.9%

Monthly UK price change: 0.8%

## **LIMITED COMPANY (SPV) MORTGAGE RATES AT 75% LTV**

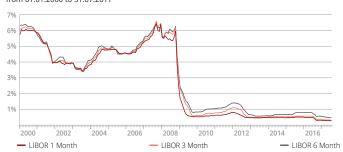


	Rate	Rate Type	Initial Period	Initial Payment*	Loan Fees	Final Rate
State Bank of India	2.99%	Tracker	5 Years	£189.21	£937.00	4.49%
Precise Mortgages BTL Tier 1	3.39%	Fixed	5 Years	£216.11	£1,500.00	5.00%
TFC Homeloans (Precise BTL Tier 1)	3.39%	Fixed	5 Years	£216.11	£1,500.00	5.00%
Brightstar (Precise BTL Tier 1)	3.39%	Fixed	5 Years	£216.11	£1,500.00	5.00%
3mc (Precise Mortgages BTL Tier 1)	3.39%	Fixed	5 Years	£216.11	£1,500.00	5.00%
Buy to Let Club (Landbay BTL 5Y)	3.49%	LIBOR-Linked	5 Years	£221.94	£1,312.00	3.49%
Buy to Let Club (Landbay BTL 10Y)	3.64%	LIBOR-Linked	10 Years	£230.91	£1,125.00	3.64%
3mc (Landbay BTL 10 Year)	3.64%	LIBOR-Linked	10 Years	£230.91	£1,125.00	3.64%

<sup>\*</sup> Figures based on Purchase Price of £100,000 / £75,000 Loan / 25 Year Term (note 80% LTV products are available starting at 3.99% payrates for a 1 year term)

#### LIBOR / SWAP RATES

# Historical UK LIBOR Rates

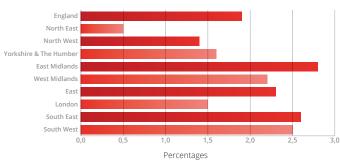


#### UK Swap Rates from 02.11.2015 to 29.08.2017

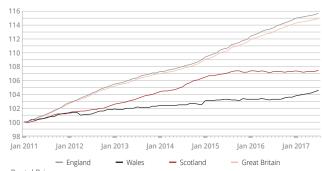


## **RENTING**

IPHRP\* percentage change over the 12 months to July 2017 by English region



# IPHRP\* indices for Great Britain and its constituent countries January 2011 to July 2017

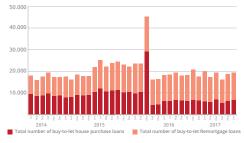


\*Index of Private Housing Rental Prices

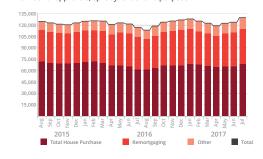
- The median rent in England across all property types for the 12 months to March 2017 was £675, data from the Valuation Office Agency shows. In London this was £1,495;
- For a single room, the average monthly rent was £376 in London this was £600 (63% higher);
- The average monthly rent for a two-bedroom house in England was £650 in London this was £1,500 (131% higher);
- According to the Office for National Statistics, private rental prices in Great Britain rose by 1.8% in the 12 months to June 2017;
- Rental prices increased in all the English regions over the year to May 2017, with the South East seeing the biggest increase (2.8%) and the North East and North East seeing the lowest rise (0.5%);

- Figures from DCLG show that in 2015/16, private renters spent an average of £797 a month on rental payments, while owner-occupiers paid £689 in mortgage payments (note these are mean figures and can be skewed);
- Inclusive of all benefits, private renters spent an average of 35% of their income on rental payments. Owner-occupiers spent on average 18%;
- Weekly rents in the social housing sector were £106 for housing association renters and £95 for local authority renters;
- 34% of households owned their home outright, while 29% were mortgagors.
   20% rent privately and 17% pay a social rent;
- 2012/13 was the first year ever that outright owners where the largest tenure group;
- The rate of private renting is the highest it has been since the 1960s.

# Total number of monthly loans for buy-to-let property purchases and remortgages in the UK (data extracted from the Council of Mortgage Lenders)



# Approvals for lending secured on dwellings Number of approvals, split by lender and purpose



#### MORTGAGE DEBT

- Outstanding mortgage lending stood at £1.344 trillion at the end of June up from £1.306 trillion a
  year earlier;
- The estimated average outstanding mortgage for the 11.1m households with mortgage debt was £121,087 in June;
- The average mortgage interest rate was 2.57% at the end of June;
- Households with mortgages would pay an average of £3,112 in mortgage interest over the year;
- For new loans, the average mortgage Interest rate was 2.06%. Using the latest figures from the Council of Mortgage Lenders, this means new mortgages would attract an average of £3,316 in interest over the year;
- According to the Council of Mortgage Lenders, gross mortgage lending in June totalled an estimated £22.1 billion. This is 9% up on June 2016 and up 3% from April;
- The Financial Conduct Authority reports that 62.98% of mortgage lending in Q1 2017 was for 75% or less of a property's value;
- 4.52% of lending was for mortgages for over 90% of a property's value;
- There were 46,456 loans approved for house purchase in May, according to the British Bankers Association (BBA), almost unchanged from a year earlier;
- The average loan approved for house purchase rose to £193,900.

## **MORTGAGE ARREARS AND REPOSSESSIONS**

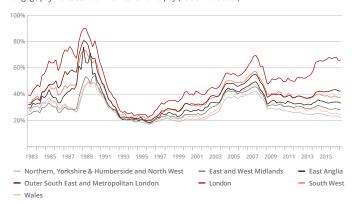
- According to the Financial Conduct Authority, at the end of Q1 2017 there were 226,829 mortgage loan accounts with arrears of more than 1.5% of the current loan balance. This is largely unchanged from the previous quarter;
- 60.42% of payments due for loans in arrears were received in Q1 2017;
- The Council of Mortgage Lenders reports that 92,600 (0.84%) of mortgages had arrears equivalent to at least 2.5% of the outstanding mortgage balance in Q1 2017 a small quarterly fall (from 94,100 in Q4). Since the end of Q1 2016, this figure has dropped by 16 a day;
- The Council of Mortgage Lenders estimates that 5,100 owner-occupied properties were taken into possession in the year to March 2017. This equates to 14 properties being repossessed every day, or one property being repossessed every one hour, 43 minutes;
- Every day in Q1 2017, 63 mortgage possession claims were issued and 34 mortgage possession orders were made;
- 391 landlord possession claims were issued and 289 landlord possession orders were made every day.

#### FIRST-TIME BUYERS

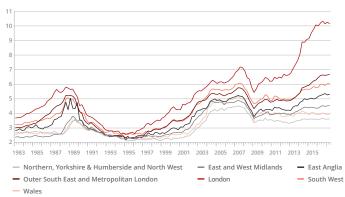
- The Office of National Statistics say that the average house price for first-time buyers was £187,238 in May 2017, which is an annual increase of 4.6%;
- According to the Council of Mortgage Lenders (CML), the typical first-time buyer deposit in February was 15.8% (around £30,204) 115% of an average salary;
- The average first-time buyer borrowed 3.59 times their income and the average first-time buyer loan was an estimated £137,000;
- A six-month study into Help to Buy by Stockdale Securities analyst and Property Week columnist Alastair Stewart found that Help to Buy has inflated prices, failed to deliver new homes where they are most needed and could push buyers into negative equity if the housing market slumps. The scheme representes 50% of sales at Persimmon and over 40% of sales at Galliford Try, Redrow and Taylor Wimpey.

#### First time buyer affordability measure

Mortgage payments as % of mean take home pay (Nationwide data)



#### First time buyer gross house price to earning ratios Supplementary measure of affordability (Nationwide data)



## **UK PERSONAL DEBT**

- People in the UK owed £1.545 trillion at the end of June 2017. This is up from £1.493 trillion at the end of June 2016 an extra £1,001.56 per UK adult;
- The average total debt per household including mortgages was £57,005 in June. The revised figure for May was £56,791;
- The average debt per adult in the UK was £29,842 in June around 113.8% of average earnings. This is slightly up from a revised £29,730 a month earlier;
- Based on June 2017 trends, the UK's total interest repayments on personal debt over a 12 month period would have been £50.149 billion;
- Outstanding consumer credit lending was £200.882 billion at the end of June 2017. This is up from £186.5 billion at the end of June 2016, and is an increase of £277.72 for every adult in the UK.













































